Figure 1

The diagram illustrates the preferred tax rate for different classes and groups in two societies:

- **Class society**
  - Rich A: $q_A^h$
  - Poor A: $q_A^l$
  - Rich B: $q_B^h$
  - Poor B: $1-q_B^l$

- **Group society**
  - Rich A: $q_A^l$
  - Poor A: $q_A^h$
  - Rich B: $q_B^l$
  - Poor B: $1-q_B^h$

The arrows indicate the preferred tax rates for each group.
Figure 2
Figure 4